

# Thermoelectric air conditioner installation and operation manual

FOR 2500 Btu MODEL #'S

AAC-151-4XT AAC-151-4XT-HC AAC-151-XXXXX



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### **General Information**

#### **I.I Principles of Operation**

In 1834 Jean Peltier discovered that by passing a current through two dissimilar conductors the junction of those materials will either absorb or release heat depending on the direction of the current flow.

Thirteen years earlier Thomas Seebeck had discovered that current would flow when you placed a temperature gradient across the junction of two dissimilar metals. These two discoveries were the basis of thermoelectrics.

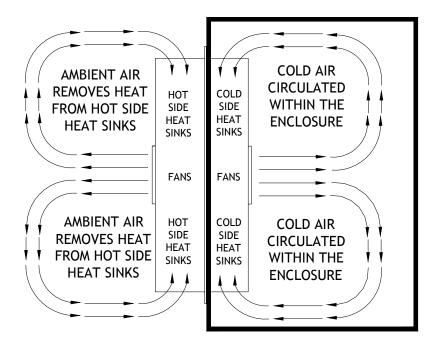
With the advent of modern semiconductors, thermoelectric devices became practical for real world applications and are now found in everything from consumer goods to spacecraft.

Your Thermoelectric Air Conditioner operates on this principle so there is no compressor and no expensive, ozone depleting CFC's.

These air conditioners use Thermoelectric "modules" sandwiched between high performance aluminium heat sinks, high CFM axial fans, and a patented electronic design to "pump" the heat from the inside of your enclosure to the outside, without exposing your delicate electronics to any outside air or contaminates.

See Figure 1.1. The supplied air conditioning unit uses only the highest quality components in our air conditioners and you can expect years of trouble free cooling from these solid-state devices. Every unit we sold is backed by a one year parts and labour warranty.

Figure I.I



#### 2. I Choosing a location on your enclosure

When choosing a mounting location for your unit, be sure to keep the airflows of both the interior and exterior heat sink fans in mind. Adequate clearance between the fans/heat sinks and nearby surfaces is required for unrestricted airflows, which will ensure optimal performance and long, trouble free operation.

The general rule is to allow a minimum of two inches between the fans or heat sinks and any surface. Refer to figure 1.1 for an air flow diagram.

Other considerations in deciding on a mounting location include; allowing access to the thermostat (this will be inside the enclosure) if frequent adjustments are to be made; allowing access to the hot side heat sinks (this will be on the outside of the enclosure) for cleaning if the unit will be used in a harsh, dirty environment.

#### 2.2 Orientation

Your AC unit can be mounted either vertically on the front, rear or side of your enclosure. It can also be mounted horizontally on the top of your enclosure. See Figure 2.1 and 2.2. on page 5.

Vertically mounted 2500 Btu units are always mounted with the exposed heat sink fins facing left & right, never up and down (Fig. 2.1). The AAC-151-4XT is equipped with a built in vertical condensate drip pan. Once installed the drain hoses must be attached to the brass fittings located in the bottom of the cold side cover (inside the enclosure) and routed to outside the enclosure (Fig 2.1).

Mounting the unit horizontally on the side of an enclosure (with the exposed heat sink fins facing up & down), will cause condensate to drip in an uncontrolled manner, possibly damaging electronic equipment within the enclosure. If this orientation is the only possible configuration contact CP Cases for a custom solution.

Horizontally mounted 2500 Btu units always require a factory installed drip pan (part # DP-I5IH) to prevent dripping condensate from damaging electronic equipment (Fig 2.2)

In either orientation, issues regarding access should be considered and minimum clearances must be maintained as outlined in Section 2.1 of the manual.

Figure 2.1

Vertical installation of 2500 btu unit with integral drip pan and drain tube

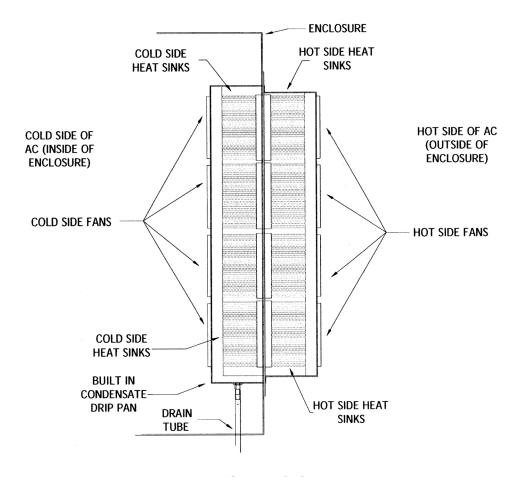
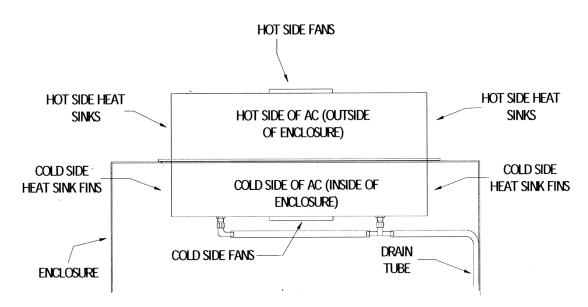


Figure 2.2

Horizontal installation of 2500 btu unit with internally mounted DP-151H drip pan and drain tube



#### 2.3 Preparing the enclosure

To mount the 2500 Btu unit you will need to cut an opening in your enclosure and drill mounting holes. A cut-out drawing (Fig. 2.3) shows the cut-out size and hole locations. The instructions for installing the air conditioner are below.

#### Tools and Materials Needed

- Pencil
- Scissors
- Tape measure
- ligsaw or suitable alternative
- Electric drill
- # 29 drill bit (.136")
- # 8-32 tap and tap handle
- # 8-32 x 3/8" stainless machine screws, (supplied).
- Twenty nylon washers for NEMA 4X installations (supplied)
- One neoprene gasket (supplied)

#### Cut the opening and drill mounting holes in the enclosure

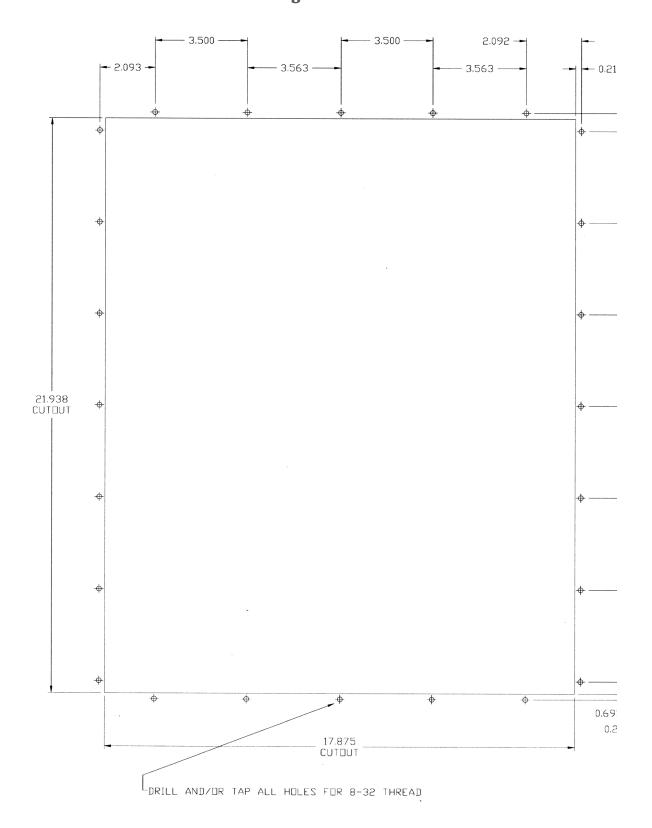
- I. Using the guidelines provided in the installation manual, choose an appropriate location for the air conditioner on your enclosure.
- 2. Layout the cut-out and hole pattern for the AC on the enclosure. Refer to Figure 2.3.
- 3. Before cutting or drilling check, that the location meets the clearance requirements as specified in the installation manual
- 4. Using a pencil, centre punch or other method, mark the exact centre point of each mounting hole on the enclosure. You will use 10 holes for a NEMA 12 installation and all 20 holes for a NEMA 4X installation.
- 5. Use the jigsaw, to cut the opening in the enclosure.
- 6. Use the # 29 drill bit, to drill a hole at each of the marks you made earlier.
- 7. Use the 8-32 tap, to tap each of the holes you have drilled.

#### 2.4 Installing the air conditioner

#### Install the air conditioner

- 1. Lay the air conditioner down with the cold side (side with the thermostat) facing up.
- 2. Take the supplied gasket and lay it down on the flange.
- 3. Take one of the supplied mounting screws and, from the under side of the flange, push it up through the top right mounting hole, and through the hole in the gasket.
  - The gasket hole is undersized and will hold the screw in place. Repeat this on the top left mounting hole.
- 4. Set the AC unit in the hole you have cut in the enclosure, and using a screwdriver, carefully start the two screws you attached to the gasket to the tapped holes in the enclosure. Do not tighten these at this time.
- 5. Install the rest of the screws in the flange placing a nylon washer on each fastener and screw them into the tapped holes in the enclosure. Do not tighten them completely.
- 6. Remove the two starter screws and place a nylon washer on each and reinstall.
- 7. Tighten all screws.

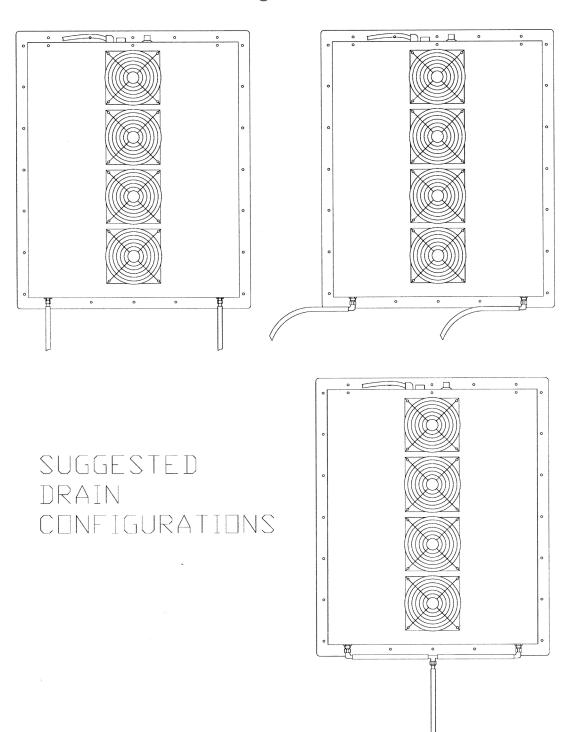
Figure 2.3



#### 2.5 Install the drip pan

I. Vatious hose fittings and a length of hose were provided with the AC unit. Please see (Fig 2.4) for the suggested drain line configurations.

Figure 2.4



You must use the factory installed horizontal drip pan if you install the air conditioner horizontally (fig 2.2) On the top of your enclosure. Failure to do so may allow condensate to drip in an uncontrolled manner causing damage to your equipment

#### 2.6 Apply power

Once the air conditioner is mounted, check the serial label and confirm the voltage required and then apply appropriate power as outlined below.

120 VAC units - plug into standard 120 volt grounded outlet.

220 – 240 VAC units – this unit will not have a plug on the end. Connect the wires to an appropriate power source using standard safe wiring methods as follows:

For US installations wire colours are as follows:

Black – line White – line/neutral Green – ground

For European installations the wire colours are as follows:

Brown – line Blue – line/neutral Green/yellow – ground

Amperage for 120 VAC unit is 6.3 amps Amperage for 220 VAC unit is 4.6 amps

For other voltages, you will receive a separate wiring diagram showing the correct method of applying power.

If you purchased a Digital Temperature Controller with your AC unit, a separate wiring diagram will be provided, which will show the correct method of applying power to your particular air conditioner.

Upon applying power to the air conditioner, the fans on the cold side (inside the enclosure) will come on.

The hot side fans (outside the enclosure) may also run depending on where the thermostat is set.

The cold side fan always runs to circulate air within your enclosure thereby eliminating any "hot spots".

The hot side fans will only run when the air conditioner is cooling – they are "pumping" the heat from the inside of your enclosure to the outside air.

# **Operation**

#### 3.1 Thermostat set points and heating/cooling units

#### Setting the thermostat

Your air conditioner is equipped with an adjustable thermostat. The set point you choose should be based on the desired internal temperature of the enclosure. The air conditioner will run until the set point temperature is achieved within the enclosure at which point the hot side fans and the thermoelectric cooling modules will shut down. The cold side fan will continue to run, circulating the air to maintain a uniform temperature within the enclosure.

#### Heating and cooling units

If you purchased an HC unit (heating and cooling), the heater operation is controlled by a fixed-point thermostat. This thermostat is set to turn the heaters on when the temperature within the enclosure falls to approximately  $7^{\circ}C$  ( $45^{\circ}F$ ) and turn the heaters off when the temperature rises to approximately  $13^{\circ}C$  ( $55^{\circ}F$ ).

The cooling operation is controlled by the adjustable thermostat. To avoid having the heating and cooling on at the same time, do not set the cooling thermostat below  $18^{\circ}\text{C}$  (65°F).

#### 3.2 Maintenance

The Thermoelectric Air Conditioners are virtually maintenance-free. The only time maintenance is required is when a unit is installed in an extremely dirty environment. In these cases, the hot side heat sinks (outside the enclosure) should be inspected regularly for a build-up of dust or dirt. If a build-up is present on the heat sink fins, it can be easily removed as follows:

- I. Disconnect the power from the unit.
- 2. Dry dust/dirt can be removed using compressed air to blow out the heat sinks. Do not direct any high-pressure air at the fans.
- 3. Our 2500 Btu air conditioners are designed to allow for water wash down of the hot side of the unit, which is outside of the enclosure (never the cold side which is inside the enclosure). A low pressure stream of water can be used to carefully clean the hot side heat sink fins. Never direct high-pressure water at the fans or the joint formed by the mounting flange, gasket and enclosure. Never allow the cold side of your unit to get wet.

Keeping the hot side heat sink fins free from any insulating build-up of dirt or dust will ensure long, trouble-free operation of your air conditioner.

Never expose the cold side of any air conditioner (inside the enclosure) to water.

If you have any questions about any aspect of your air conditioner, please contact CP who will be happy to help.



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